## NASA Earth Observations Informing Energy Management Decision Making

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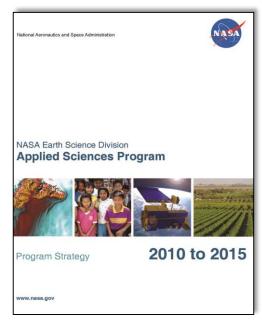
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National Adaptation Forum May 11, 2017

### NASA Applied Sciences Program: Lines of Business



Discovering and demonstrating innovative and practical uses of Earth observations in organizations' policy, business, and management decisions.



### http://AppliedSciences.NASA.gov

#### **Applications**

Prove-out, develop, and transition applications ideas for sustained uses of Earth obs. in decision making.

#### Capacity Building

Build skills and capabilities in US and developing countries to access Earth observations to benefit society.

#### Mission Planning

Identify applications early in mission lifecycle and integrate end-user needs in mission design and development.

# NASA Applied Sciences Program: Applications Areas



# Emphasis in 4 Applications Areas



Health & Air Quality



**Disasters** 



Water Resources

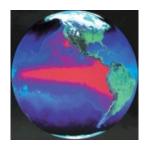


**Ecological** Forecasting

# Support opportunities in 5 additional areas



Agriculture



Climate



Weather



**Energy** 



Oceans





# **Current NASA Missions Providing Data Related to Energy Sector Needs**

Parameter Type	Satellite Missions/Instruments (Parameter)
Solar Resources	Solar Radiation and Climate Experiment (SORCE) STPSat-3 Total Solar Irradiance Calibration Transfer Experiment (TCTE) (non-NASA) (extraterrestrial solar irradiance)
	Aqua/Terra/NPP Cloud and Earth Radiant Energy System (CERES) (surface solar fluxes including direct and diffuse)
	DISCOVR NISTAR (surface solar flux) (products not available yet)
Meteorological Parameters	CALIPSO, CloudSat, GPM/GMI and DPR, Terra/Aqua/MODIS, Terra MISR, Aqua AIRS, Aura OMI, Suomi NPP VIIRS, DISCOVR/NISTAR and EPIC (cloud water and other cloud information)
	GPM/GMI and DPR, CloudSat (precipitation)
	Aqua AIRS/AMSU/HSB, Aura HIRDLS (atmospheric temperature)
Atmospheric Composition	Terra/Aqua/MODIS, Aqua AIRS, Aura MLS, Suomi NPP CRIS, GPM GMI, Joasn-2 (water vapor)
	CALIPSO, Terra/Aqua/MODIS, Terra MISR, Suomi NPP VIIRS, Aura OMI, DSCOVR/EPIC (aerosols)
	Aura OMI, Aura MLS, Aura TES, Aura HIRDLS, Aqua AIRS, OCO-2, DSCOVR/EPIC (ozone, gases)
Land Parameters	Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM, flown in 2000) (elevation/topography)
	Terra/Aqua/MODIS, Terra MISR, Terra ASTER, Suomi NPP VIIRS, Aura OMI DISCOVR/EPIC, Landsat (surface reflectance, albedo)



### **POWER Overview**

- Prediction Of Worldwide Energy Resource

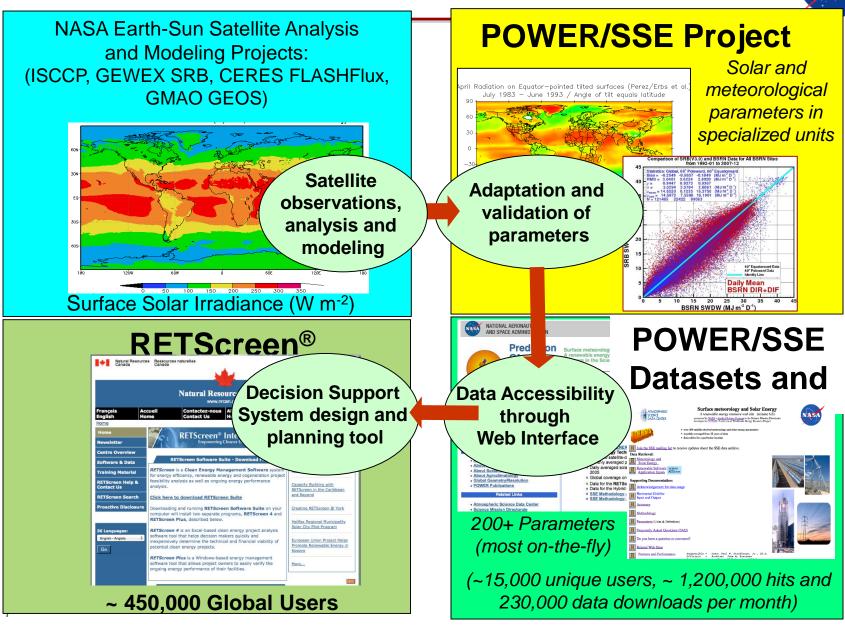
Surface meteorology and Solar Energy (SSE-release 6.0):
A renewable energy resource web site sponsored by NASA's Applied Sciences
Program in the Science Mission Directorate, Applied Sciences Program

Earth Science for Society: Accelerating the realization of economic and societal benefits from Earth science, information, and technology

- Objectives: Improve the Nation's public/private capability for integrating environmental data from NASA research to support increased renewable energy development, energy efficiency and agricultural modeling.
- Goals: Through partnerships, derive/validate/provide parameters relevant to industry needs, link to decision support, and transition capabilities when possible.
- Website: http://power.larc.nasa.gov



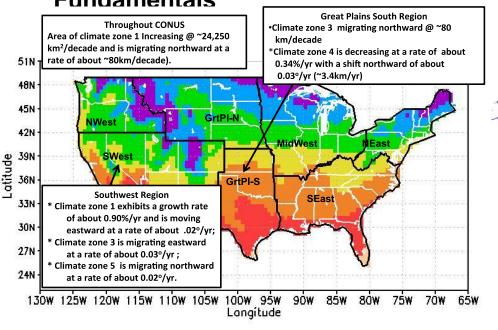
### POWER Approach: Research to Decisions



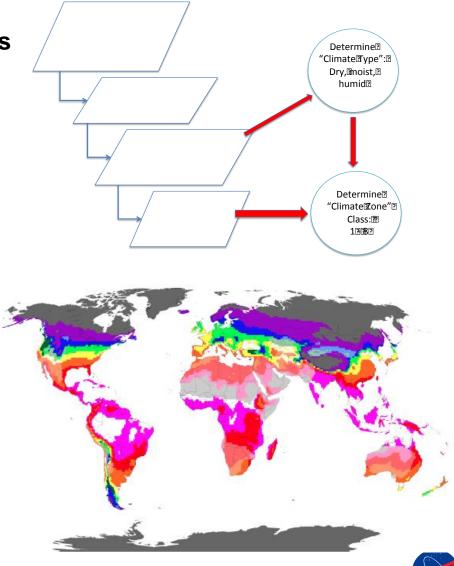
# POWER and ASHRAE Collaboration: Assessing Building Climate Zone Changes

 Collaborated with ASHRAE to provide/assess Building Climate Zones from NASA reanalysis (GEOS-4 and MERRA)

 Provided to ASHRAE and it was included ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals



Climate Zones



### **Energy Initiatives**

















### World Energy & Meteorology Council

Weather & Climate for the Energy Industry







## **Summary and Conclusions**

- NASA has considerable investments in satellite measurements and analysis of those products for various earth science data products
- NASA also has an extensive modeling and assimilation capability comprising both long-term analysis, short-term, and climate forecasts
- Many of those data products have been useful in an Energy context
- What are the evolving needs of energy sector? What types and sorts of data are needed? What role can NASA play?

